HUGHES TALKS TO LABOR MEN

FIVE SPEECHES IN UP-STATE MANUFACTURING CENTRES.

Republican Candidate Greeted by the Work ingmen at Every Place With Genume Enthusiasm Grand Receptions at Little Falls, Gloversville and Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 13.-Charles E. Hughes ended his first up-State tour with a speech here to-night before a large andience. He had spent almost the entire day in manufacturing places where Hearst is supposed to have strong labor union following. With the possible exception of the stay in Buffalo, this was the only day since Mr. Hughes left New York last Tuesday that he has been in the enemy's country and the results were highly gratifying to the candidate and the spellbinders who accom-

Little Falls, Gloversville, Fonda and Johnstown were visited before this city was reached and in each place, barring possibly Johnstown, the candidate was greeted by big crowds with great enthusiasm. In Little Falls particularly he got a grand reception. All the factories were closed down for the afternoon in honor of the candidate and the union men turned out in forces that taxed the fullest capacity of the City Opera House. Labor man after labor man in the cities visited approached Mr. Hughes and assured him of their belief

in his integrity and purposes.
Since he left New York Mr. Hughes has spoken in eight counties-Wayne, Erie; Ontario, Yates, Seneca, Herkimer, Montgomery and Fulton. The last three counties he visited in the course of his campaigning to-day. After he had finished speaking to-night Mr. Hughes gave his opinion on the situation as he has observed it on the first tour. He said:

"The most significant feature of the trip has been the cordial support personally assured by old line Democrats. It is evident that there is a widespread revolt on the part of members of the Democratic party in the interest of decency and order. I have not found indications of any serious defection from the Republican ranks, and the outlook is most encouraging. Our audiences have been earnest and thoughtful, and their deep attention to the discussion of the issues of the campaign has been most significant. The people of the State are thinking. This bodes no good to those who have conducted a campaign of inflammatory appeal. I am satisfied that we cannot be beaten if we are not overconfident. Disgust with the methods which we oppose must be met by registering and voting. We want support not merely at meetings, but on registration day and on election day."

Mr. Hughes and his party pulled out from Seneca Falls, where the candidate spoke last night, at 9 o'clock in the morn-There was a crowd at the station to give the candidate a send off, and the enthusiasm was taken up at other stations where the train stopped. At Syracuse a delegation of Republicans called on Mr.

Hughes and presented their best wishes. The train was almost half an hour late when it pulled into Utica, where the Little Falls reception committee, headed by State Committeeman D. F. Strobel, climbed on board. Mr. Hughes had planned to spend forty minutes in Little Falls and jump on the next train for Fonda. The lateness of the train made it impossible for him to go up town to the City Opera House and keep his other engagements. He told the delegation that he would probably have to talk to the Little Falls folk a minute or two from the rear platform of the train. Then the delegation told Mr. Hughes a few things Falls reception committee, headed by State the delegation told Mr. Hughes a few things that fixed his determination to stop off in that city under any circumstances. The reception committee said that great prepara-

reception committee said that great preparations had been made for the labor men to hear Mr. Hughes.

All of the city's big factory concerns (the Mackinnon Manufacturing Company, makers of knit goods; the J. J. Gilbert and Frank Senior concerns; D. H. Burrell & Co., manufacturers of farm implements and others) had shut down for the afternoon. The committee informed Mr. Hughes further that arrangements had been made, in response to numerous requests from workingmen, to run excursions from the neighboring towns of Dolgeville, where there are big felt factories, and Illion, where the Remington Arms and Typewriter Company has its plant.

Remington Arms and Typewriter Company has its plant.

"Well," said Mr. Hughes, without a moment's hesitation, "that is just the kind of a place I want to speak in."

The station platform was packed with several hundred persons, the most of them factory hands. They cheered heartily when the candidate appeared, and some of them rushed up to shake his hand. Abrass band, going full blast, led the way to the operahouse, a long line of enthuslastic men following. About 1,200 persons were crowded house, a long line of enthusiastic men fol-lowing. About 1,200 persons were crowded into the hall. Mr. Hughes spoke out straight from the shoulder. He laid the truth about Hearst's insincerity before the union men with telling effect. He ex-posed Hearst's wheel within a wheel chain of corporations so lucidly that every per-son in the hall understood it. "I say, down with sham reform," shouted Mr. Hughes, and the workingmen sent back a mighty cheer in approval. Here is Mr. Hughes's Little Falls speech in part:

SPEECH AT LITTLE PALLS.

I am not a politician. I have not been active in politics. I did not take the nomination as a thing that I had sought. I took to take it. [Applause.] I am here to talk to you about a vital issue of the campaign. Nothing is more important to good citizen-ship than that leadership should be sincere. Nothing is more important than that promises by candidates should be made in a disin

We find the methods and the motives of my opponent illustrated by the Buffalo convention. We are opposed to bullying a convention to get a nomination. We are opposed to talk against bosses from one who puts his hand in the hand of a boss to get a nomination. [Applause.] We are opposed to committing the work of reform of corposate abuses to one who in the corporate management of his own concerns evades the law. [Applause.] My opponent says, or one of his principal supporters mys, that we do not want corporation rule. I agree with him; we should not have corporation rule and we should not have the government of the State of New York by the New York American or by the Star Company. [Ap-

eensure corporate methods I examined into his own record, not because I wanted to deal with any personal matter but because he made his record an important matter for investigation when he stood forth as the champion of corporation reforms. We found him incorporated to shield himself from personal liability. We found him resorting to the State of New Jersey to organize a holding company, according to the methods of the organizing his great newspapers through corporations which put in statements to the tax department in New York city showing liabilities more than assets and escaping all contributions to the support of the public

I say down with sham reform. [Great applause and cheers.] We found the stock of these corporations owned by a New Jersey corporation and the stock of bat corporation, the Star Company, owned by my opponent. and we find that company going to the officers of the State of New York and saying that they have nothing in the State of New York that can be taxed, and we found the com- to get others maken, themselves that hars these great of for Governor,

newspaper plants and which deluge you with denunciations of corporations paying nothing and escaping by statements sworn to by employees their just share of the burdens of

New York city.

I stand for the laboring man. [Applause.]

I stand for the labor law. [Applause.]

I am glad that we have had over 100 labor

I am glad that we have had over 100 labor acts passed in the last twelve years. We have had a variety of acts relating to tenement houses, relating to the eight hour day in relation to public works. I believe in the policy of those acts. [Applause.] I believe in giving the labor department money enough to confer the benefits that it was intended to confer. I believe in giving the labor department equipments enough the labor department equipments enough so that it can do its duty under the law. do not believe in legislating for classes, and I do not believe in talking about working classes or any other classes. [Applause. We are all Americans. [Tremendous applause.] I work in one way and you work in another way. I want to take your hand as a fellow worker. I have no respect for the man who does not work. [Applause.]

There is no interest that has any line or me. [Great applause and cheering.] There is no person in political life, there is no person in business life and there is no corporation that can give me any orders (great applause) and when any man says the contrary he knows

better. [Applause.] You may not know me personally. It has been one of the great delights of my life to come up the State and shake hands with the men whom I have longed to know personally. But I am sure that you have been following what has been done in the last year. I have not received letters from all parts of the State and from all parts of the United States to remain in ignorance of the fact that the people, the plain people, the people whose savings were invested in insurance policies, were watching me day by day during the last year. [Great applause.] And I say if, after an honest effort, according to such ability as I possess, to do my duty in that line any one can fool the people of this State into the idea that any special interest, any moneyed interest, any political power, has any control over my actions, there is nothing that a public servant can do to satisfy the nmunity of his honesty. [Great applause.] I have no political debts to pay. I stand here entitled to say that if there are corporate abuses it will be my best endeavor to put an end to them. [Applause.]

I regret that I have to speak so much in a personal tone, but it is proper that you should know, it is proper that you should not be deceived. Why was I chosen to represent the people as an assistant to the Attorney-General of the United States in connection with matters relating to abuses in interstate merce with reference to coal production and transportation? It was because there was one man in the United States who knew was no interest to which I was in any way related, that there had been nothing in my record which put me under any obligation to any money power, and that man had confidence in the integrity of my action. That man was Theodore Roosevelt. [Tre-

My opponent says that no money organization should get control of this country. I say so, too, and no money organization should get an opportunity to seize the government of the State of New York. [Applause.] And no organized attempt to promote a selfish ambition should secure the government of the State of New York. [Applause.]

I look into your faces with confidence, when I tell you that if I am elected Governor I shall do all in my power to see to it that legislative and departmental action is pure. When I tell you that every effort to corrupt the pure streams of justice will be, so far as it lies in my power, frustrated, I believe that I can appeal to you with confidence. [Ap-

A brass band and a crowd of 500 people were at the Gloversville station when the train pulled in. The streets were lined with the workers in the glove factories and others as the procession took up the march to the Darling Opera House. Frequently Mr. Hughes was cheered along the line of march. There were about 1,200 persons in the opera house. Congressman Littauer presided. The crowd, which contained almost as large a percentage of laboring men as that at Little Falls, responded warmly to the candidate's thrests at Hearst. In this speech also Mr. Hughes took up the Hearst corporation tax evasion proposition. The streets were lined with the

"If you want to know what sort of an administration my opponent would give you look at the methods by which he ob-tained office," said Mr. Hughes. "We want American government, but we don't want government by the New York American," the candidate declared a moment later, and the orowd shouted its ap-

The Gloversville people were tickled when Mr. Hughes described Hearst as "Tax Dodging Corporations," and also when he asked the question whether this great organization for the spreading of calumny was supporting through the payment of taxes the city government which protects it. Mr. Hughes attacked Hearst again for refusing to answer the question as to whether the corporation which pub

again for refusing to answer the question as to whether the corporation which publishes the Journal pays any taxes.

"He has found time," said Mr. Hughes, for other things but no time to answer a question which is a test of his sincerity."

Mr. Hughes repeated to the Gloversville crowd his beliefs in regard to labor problems and reiterated his plea for sober judgment in dealing with all things as opposed to reckless, indiscriminate abuse.

Mr. Hughes and his party went from Gloversville to Johnstown by trolley. The Johnstown meeting was held in the Grand Opera House, which has a seating capacity of about 1,000. There was a good sized crowd out, but they didn't warm up the way the people at the previous labor meetings had. Mr. Hughes chievered practically the same speech in Johnstown as he did in Little Falls and Gloversyille. His speech here to-night was along the same lines. It was warmly received by about 1,500 people.

John A. Cole, chairman of the Fulton county committee, gave it as his opinion to-night that Mr. Hughes's visit to Gloversville and Johnstown had made a lot of labor ville and Johnstown had made a lot of labor votes. He predicted, notwithstanding the Hearst boast that the factory towns are with him, that Fulton county will give Mr. Hughes a bigger majority than it rolled up for Higgips two years ago. The Higgins figures were 2,000.

Mr. Hughes left here at 11:30 o'clock. He will arrive in New York early to-morrow morning.

abtican Judiciary Nominees Notified. The Republican nominees on the judiciary ticket for the Second Judicial Department met in the Federal Building, Brooklyn, yesterday to be officially notified of their nomination. Of the eight nominees all were resent with the exception of Justice Walter H. Jaycox, who could not come. The H. Jaycox, who could not come. The others were Judge Edward B. Thomas of the United States District Court, Judge Joseph Aspinali and Judge Frederick E. Crane of the County Court, former Surrogate George B. Abbott, former Assistant Corporation Counsel William J. Carr, former Congressman Townsend Scudder of Nassau county and Lester W. Clark of Richmond County.

Former Justice William W. Goodrich chairman of the committee on notification, in a short address told the nominees the result of the convention and Judge Thomas responded for the nominees.

Signatures for Hughes. The West Side Business Men's Campaign Club of 90 West Broadway is circulating

for signatures this statement: The undersigned citizens of Greater New to get others to vote for Charles E. Hughes



Sale of Blankets and Comfortables.

EASTERN BLANKETS, value \$2.50 a pair, at...... II-4 CALIFORNIA BLANKETS, value \$5.00, at
II-4 FINE ALL WOOL CALIFORNIA BLANKETS, value \$10.00, at
SILKOLINE COMFORTABLES, fine white filling, value \$2.00, at
FINE SATEEN COMFORTABLES, value \$2.50, at DOWN COMFORTABLES, handsome satine coverings, value \$6.50, at 4.98 FINER QUALITIES IN SILK AND FRENCH SATIN COVERINGS, at \$7.50 to 18.00

Upholstery Dept. 2d Floor

PORTIERRES, in Repp and Fancy Mercerized Armure weaves, up-to-date colors, finished with handsome tapestry borders, corded edges, or fringe top and bottom; value \$7.00 to \$9.50,

WEST 125TH ST., 7TH @ 8TH AVES.

HUGHES CANVASS NEEDS FUNDS.] Chairman Woodruff Points Out What the

Committee Is Up Against. Republican ecouts from the up-State counties returned yesterday and told Chairman Woodruff at Republican State headquarters, 12 East Thirtieth street, that the Republican situation in Rome, Syracuse and Rochester was especially unfavorable, and that harder work would have to be put in in those three cities. These scouts also spoke of other cities, but they said that most of them were all right, especially Buffalo, which in their judgment would give a heavy majority against Mr. Hearst. Chairman Woodruff said that he was in great need of funds, and he issued this

"Undoubtedly this is the first time in the history of this country, or of any other country, when a candidate for office making demagogio appeals to the electorate has been supported by the machinery of a great political party and by a powerful newspaper organization absolutely under his own control, beside having at his disposal an unlimited amount of money. should be borne in mind also that Mr. Hearst's literary bureau has been built up by the expenditure of millions of dollars in the publication and distribution of his newspapers, and that not a cent of that vast expenditure comes within the scope of the law in its application to campaign

"The expenses of our campaign, which is now being waged vigorously in every part of the State from Montauk Point to Buffalo, are necessarily very great. The Republican party at the last tession of the legisature in response to a general public demand passed a law prohibiting political committees from receiving contributions from corporations, and thereby by its own act deprived itself of a very large source of revenue. This undoubtedly is in the best interests of all the people, and I have no disposition to criticise it, but it makes it especially incumbent upon all patriotic citizens who desire the defeat of Mr. Hearst and all that he stands for to send to the Republican State committee liberal

"It will not be enough to barely succeed. We must strain every effort, and as individuals make every sacrifice to the end that Mr. Hearst and his unholy alliances shall be buried beyond the danger of resurrection to plague the people of this State and of the nation in the future."

FAIRBANKS SPEAKS IN IOWA.

Vote of Confidence in Roosevelt. WATERLOO, Ia., Oct. 13 .- Vice-President Fairbanks spoke to a large audience here

this afternoon, formally opening the Re-

publican campaign in Iowa. After congratulating the State on the quality of her statesmen, naming among those deserving of especial praise Gov. Cummins, Senators Allison and Dolliver and Secretaries Shaw and Wilson, Mr. Fairbanks urged the election of Repub-

rairbanks urged the election of Republicans to Congress as a vote of confidence in President Roosevelt.

Speaking of Cuba, after he had detailed the events leading up to the freedom of the island, Mr. Fairbanks said:

"The American people have always felt that if Cuba was ever to become a part of this republic it must be under circumstances which are entirely free from doubt or suspicion. It must be through the orderly which are entirely free from doubt or suspi-cion. It must be through the orderly operation of the natural law of mutual interest and mutual respect, free from any taint or suggestion of physical force or moral coercion. The President is worthy of all praise for his assurance to Cuba that the United States will adhere to the generous course which originally inspired our inter-vention."

Judge Cohen and Mr. Delany. Ex-Judge William N. Cohen, chairman of the executive committee of the Judiciary Nominators, said yesterday in reference to a statement issued by him just prior to the Tammany judicial convention:

"My references to ex-Corporation Counsel John J. Delany and the bench were intended as an attack on the bosses Murphy and Hearst and on their system. They were not intended as an attack on Mr. Delany

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 13.-In a hotly contested election held here to-day for and against the proposition to make Highland Falls an incorporated village the measure was carried in the affirmative by a vote of 168 to 127. Only taxpayers were allowed to vote and these included seventy-five women. Major-Gen. Roe and the Hon. John Bigelow voted for incorporation. There are over 3,000 people in the corporate limits.

GRAPE-NUTS. - 1060 PASTOR'S CALLS / A Sturdy Minister.

A N. H. minister thought he would have to quit the ministry because of a growing nisery from undigested food. He was induced to try Grape-Nuts and

now well and hearty and says: "For four years I suffered severe agony at times, as a result of improper food. I could not do much work and was in misery much of the time.

"I had made up my mind that I would have to leave the ministry, but one day a friend advised me to try Grape-Nuts and I am thankful that I did, for to-day I am well and can give God better service than ever be-

"Last year was the hardest of my ministry, but by the daily use of Grape-Nuts I stood up under the strain with comfort. I attended 57 funerals, was in the pulpit every sabbath except three, made 1060 pastoral cails, and the best part of it is I do not have any more 'Blue Mondays.'

any more 'Blue Mondays.'

"There is hardly a day passes that I do not recommend Grape-Nuts to some person who is suffering as I suffered for 9 or 10 years and who might be well."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Get the little book from pkgs., "The Road to Wellville."

"There's a reason."



HEARST CHALLENGES FASSETT Fassett Accepts the Deft, and Now We'l Know About Chinese Labor.

The charge which has been made so many times against William R. Hearst that while he poses as the friend of the American workingman Chinese laborers are employed in California on the Hearst estate at the very lowest compensation paid to Chinese, s at last to be settled in some fashion. On Friday morning the Elmira Advertiser; controlled by Representative Jacob Sloat Fassett, published again the oft-repeated charge that Chinese cheap labor was employed on one of the Hearst estate ranches at Palermo, Cal. Late on Friday night Mr. Hearst sent the following telegram to the Elmira Advertiser:

I had the pleasure to-day of contributing to your local charity, the Home for the Aged, in a small way. I would like to contribute in a large way, and I will give \$1,000 to that charity if you will establish the truth of your statement that I employ Chinese labor or that I own, directly or indirectly, through any Hearst estate or in any other way, any property at Palermo, Cal., or any other property on which Chinese labor is employed. Yesterday the Elmira Advertiser an-

nounced that it would prove its charge that Chinese labor is employed on the Hearst estates in California. The Advercepts Mr. Hearst's challenge. It then goes on to say that it will submit the evidence in the case to Edgar M. Cullen, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York; W. H. Beatty, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of California, and ex-President Grover Cleveland.

The Advertiser declares that Mr. Hearst. who was in Elmira on Friday night and made a speech at the Lyceum Theatre in that city, evaded the question put to him on that occasion, and waited until later, when he arrived at Ithaca, and at midnight from that city sent his challenge to the Advertiser.

Representative Fassett is familiar with California politics. In 1879 he married a daughter of the late Judge E. B. Crocker of Sácramento and Mr. Fassett has large mining and cattle ranch interests not only in California but in States adjoining. Republicans and Democrats in New

York city said last night that they were glad that the issue had been squarely made on this Chinese cheap labor question between Mr. Hearst and Representative Fas-

HUGHES'S LONG ISLAND TOUR. To Speak in 24 Places in His Two Days of Campaigning.

Final arrangements were made at the Republican State headquarters to-day for Mr. Hughes's tour of Long Island on Monday and Tuesday. Twenty-four places will be visited. The train will leave Long Island City at 9.45 c'clock Monday morning with the following schedule for the day:

lockville Centre.

On Tuesday the train will leave Green-port at 11 o'clock with the following sched-ule: Mattituck... Riverhead... Hicksville... Huatington... Mineola.... Glen Cove...

Tuesday evening Mr. Hughes will speak in Turn Verein Hall, Lexington avenue and Eighty-sixth street, and on Friday evening in Durland's Riding Academy, where also Speaker Cannon will speak.

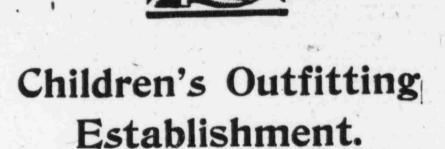
Policeman Charged With Robbing a Dying San Francisco, Oct. 13 .- John Laws

member of the San Francisco police department, is in a cell charged with taking \$120 from the pockets of a dying man he was conveying to a hospital.

Chief of Police Dinan stripped Laws of his star and ordered him locked up on a charge of robbery.

Strong -Warburton.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 13.-Miss Mabel Post Warburton was married at noon to-day in Christ Church by the Rev. M. George in Christ Church by the Rev. M. George Thompson to Henry Tunstall Strong of New York. The wedding, and the reception which followed at Sunset Villa, the Warburtons summer place here, were largely attended by New York people. After the reception the couple started on their bridal-trip. On their return they will live at 19 East Porty-third street, New York city.



This store is devoted entirely and exclusively to the outfitting of children under eighteen years of age.

It is a unique establishment, in that it deals in no merchandise, not directly connected with the outfitting of misses, youths, children and infants

The numerous advantages of outfitting children in an establishment maintained expressly for their special requirements, are self evident.

Equally plain it is, that stores dividing their organization among various commodities, from jewelry to carpets, cannot do justice to children's wear.

This is a specialized business concentrating all its activities on clothing and furnishings for the young.

Comprehensive stocks, original styles, exclusive novelties, specialized methods, combine to make this children's outfitting establishment, easily

Foremost Size, Prestige, Facilities.

60-62 West 23d Street.

STAMPED ON A SHOE MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT.

We Open the Fall Trade With the Grandest Stock of the

Finest Shoes and Evening Slippers for Women

Ever Assembled Under One Roof in the History of Shoe Making - New Creations and Original Models. Footwear beyond compare in lines of beauty, in moulds of

form and in exquisite materials and workmanship, and in rare embellishments and embroideries that reveal these shoes as the marvellous masterpieces of shoemaking art. We invite particular attention to our Exclusive Extra High

Napoleon Top Walking Boot in a fine hair lined cloth top and black kid top, with both patent leather and kid vamps, as shown in the illustration. We also exhibit in perfection all the latest details of shoe

construction, such as graceful, tapering toes and short vamps without tips, which give the foot a small and exceedingly neat appearance, while the narrow shanks and refined heels and charming curves over ankle, instep and toes emphasize their wondrous beauty. These beautiful shoes and slippers must be seen, ex-

amined and studied in order that the mind shall note all their wondrous excellencies, the same as masterpieces in other realms of art are examined and studied in order that they shall be understood and appreciated.

Prices from \$5 to \$10 New Fall Catalogue Mailed Free on Application.

ALFRED J. CAMMEYER.



QUICK WIT SAVES HELLO GIRL. NOT HOPKINS'S REMAINS. Attacked in Exchange at Night, She Rouses

Superintendent by Wire. PHILADEL PHIA, Oct. 13.-Miss Helen Arnold, a night operator at the telephone exchange here, saved herself from a masked man bent upon criminal assault by rare

presence of mind early this morning. Miss Arnold is alone in the exchange from 10 o'clock at night until 8 in the morning. By the side of the telephone exchange's window is a pole and it was by climbing this that the man entered the office. Calls are few and Miss Arnold sat dozing at the switchboard. Then she awoke to see a

Screaming, she leaped to her feet. The man seized her and they went struggling dround the room. Suddenly wrenching herself free, Miss Arnold made a dash for the switchboard and in an instant connected the closed booth in the room with Supt. Brown's private wire. Then she ducked into the booth and banged the

Finally she succeeded in rousing Supt. Brown, who lives across the street. *Hurry up, come to the exchange right way," gasped Miss Arnold. Brown lost no time getting to the ex-

change, but the intruder had escaped,

Charred Remains Found on Asbury Mountain May Have Been a Woman's. FLEMINGTON, N. J., Oct. 13 .- Aiter listening to a score of witnesses the Coroner's

jury which assembled at Broomsbury this morning to investigate the discovery the charred remains which were found on Asbury Mountain rendered a verdict "That an unknown person came to his or her death in a manner unknown to this jury." It was thought that the skeleton was that of Frank L. Hopkins of Newark, who disappeared several weeks ago, but Mrs. Hopkins testified that she had received a letter from her husband and that she believed he was alive.

GUILBERT-CHEVALIER.

Twin Stars of the Music Halls Appear at Carnegie Hall. Yvette Guilbert and Albert Chevalier

made their first New York appearance in Carnegie Hall before a well filled house yesterday afternoon and last night. Mme. Guilbert appeared in costume and sang the "vieilles chansons de France," "chansons Modernes" and "English country songs," which were so popular here on her previous appearance last year.

Mr. Chevalier's programme consisted of his familiar coster songs and correct

his familiar coster songs and some new impersonations.

FROM ONE CELL TO ANOTHER. Man Who Made Fuss in Hotel Aster Locked Up Downtown.

John Birmingham of the Hotel Astor, who created a disturbance in the hotel on Friday night and was locked up in the West Forty-seventh street police station, had another experience with the police last night and spent five hours in the Church street station house.

After the first case was disposed of in court yesterday, Birmingham went to the office of a friend, A. M. Townsend, president of the Manhattan Rubber Manufacturing Company at 18 Vesey street. He became so boisterous there that Mr. Townsend took him in hand. Securing a hansom cab, Mr. Townsend, on some pretext, got him to enter it and in five minutes had him before Sergt. Nugent in the Church street station house.

"I'll come and bail him out after he has had a few nours in which to quiet down, said Mr. Townsend.

Late last night Mr. Townsend, who said he lived at 36 West Twelfth street, came down and bailed Birmingham out, giving the business at 18 Vesey street as security. Birmingham told Sergt. Haerle, who was on the desk when he was bailed out, that he was president of a large Western powder company and lived in San Francisco.